



# Manorcroft Times

**Autumn Term 2024 - 2025**

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# LEARNING

Read all about our learning

## Volcanoes

In year 3 we are learning about volcanoes.



This is Mount Vesuvius.

It destroyed Pompeii and everything with it!!!



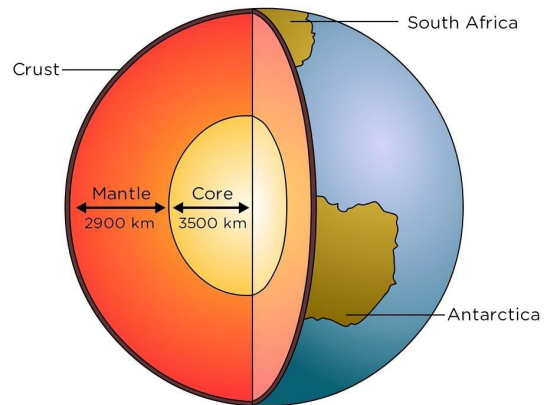
We have been learning about Mary Anning.



She found the ichthyosaurus.

One of the first fossils.

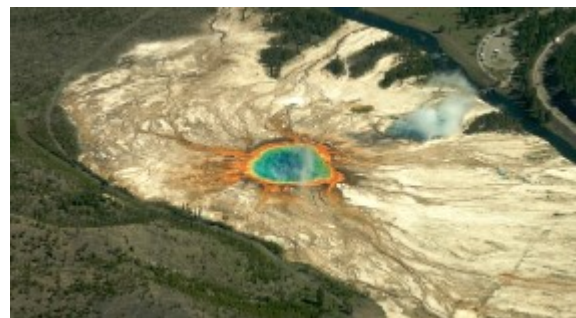
The 3 plate boundaries are divergent, convergent and transform!



The layers of the earth are the crust, the mantle, the outer core and the inner core!!!

The yellow stone supervolcano is the most powerful volcano !

THE END  
By Finn



# Poetry

An acrostic poem is a type of poetry where the first, last or other letters in a line spell out a particular word or phrase. Here are some acrostic poems.

## Python



**P**oisonous little creatures.  
**Y**ou should stay away.  
**T**hrough the woods.  
**H**ides in the woods.  
**O**n the trees.

## Kitten

**K**icking toys about.  
**I**nterested in mice.  
**T**rying to catch prey.  
**T**oughening their paws.  
**E**nding fights.  
**N**udging.  
**B**y  
**J**oud



# Ancient Civilizations

Hi, my name is Laura and today we are going to learn about our recent project Ancient Civilisations. So, first up, we are going to learn about Ancient Sumer.



## Leaders

Each city state had its own king in Ancient Sumer. They were at the top of the social hierarchy. Sargon of Akkad overthrew the Sumerian kings and built the first empire in history.

## Infrastructure

Ancient Sumer had temples, houses made from mud bricks and roads although most long journeys were made by boat on the rivers.

## Ancient Egypt

### Cities

The Ancient Egyptians built many cities, which grew gradually over time. Thebes and Memphis were the main capital cities.

### Inventions

The ancient Egyptians invented new things, such as papyrus, ink, clocks, make up and wings. They also further developed inventions already made.



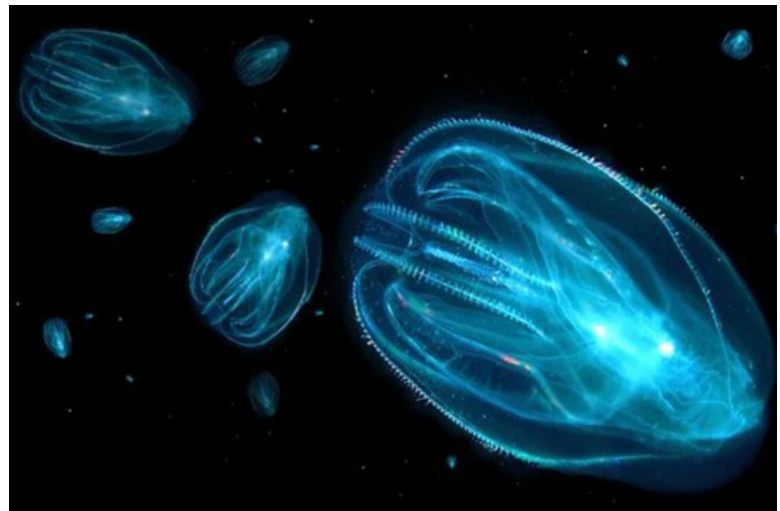
## Year 4 School Projects: Blue Abyss Innovate

Hi! My name is Amelia. You might know that Year 4 is learning the project Blue Abyss. Sorry underwater fans, but Blue Abyss is coming to an end. I mean, this project still exists, but we are just finishing it. We always do a super fun innovate before we finish and we described what bioluminescent means and we made some notes.

We continued our innovate today, but I ran a little late! I still did well, though. We made our own sea creatures. The picture was literally just a mixed anglerfish and a shark. Kabeer did the writing while I did the picture.

Kinda fun, I guess. It was also fun looking at other children's drawings, but I didn't see mine.

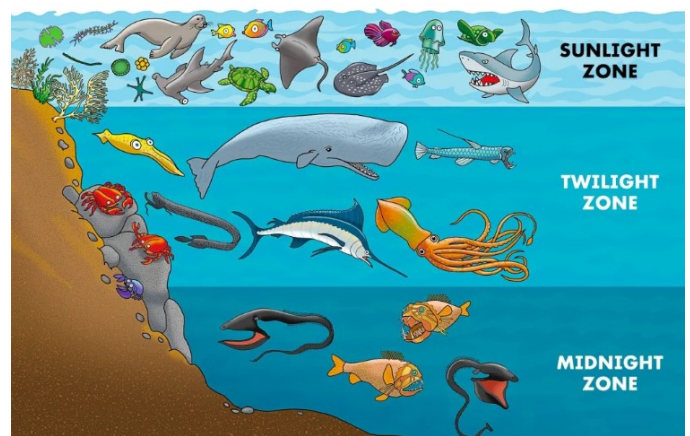
Oh, well... :(



Later, we drew it on paper and painted our creature to turn it from an ugly doodle to a masterpiece. I took the artwork home because Kabeer was ill. Sorry, Kabeer.

Also, I might have completely WRECKED my art. I used normal paint instead of glow in the dark paint, but luckily we just put the glow in the dark paint over it.

Well, I think that's all I have to say today...



# Falconry workshop

In Year 3, we have been learning about predators. We had a falconry workshop to learn all about predatory birds.

At the falconry workshop we met this guy called Alan. Alan had all the birds. He showed us 6 birds. One of them was called tawny owl, eagle owl, peregrine falcon, falcon, barn owl and the kookaburra.

They were so fascinating to look at and we got to feel the kookaburra it was so soft to feel.

The kookaburra made sort of a laughing sound. You had to whistle to get her to make that sound. Her beak was really long.



The second one I am going to talk about is barn owl. Barn owls have very sharp talons. Barn owls are a carnivores which means they eat meat.

Another one is the peregrine falcon. A pf can fly 390 miles per hour [that is VERY fast]. A pf is one of the fastest animals in the world.



The next one is the Tawny owl. Tawny owls can fly up to 50mph. Tawny owls are really common in the UK. Tawny owls are very shy. Tawny owls can fly 1km[that is not that far.]

At the end you got to feel the kookaburra.

We had a good time at the falconry workshop.

By Rihanna



# ! Blood Heart !

By Gajana, Suhani, Chloe and Riyana!!!

Blood heart is an amazing project where you learn all about the different parts of the heart, the circulatory system, a healthy lifestyle (and a bad one) and many more things! We also dissected a lamb's heart, for our project launch, and saw all the parts in it including the valves. So far, we have made a poster about things not to do to keep a healthy heart, things to be healthy and an information fact file all about the circulatory system. In this text, you will find all about these things so read on for more information...



## How to keep or have a healthy heart?

To have a healthy heart you need to do quite a few things. For a start, you will need to have a balanced diet, consisting of fruit, vegetables, carbohydrates, fats, oils, protein and dairy. You will need to do exercise for 30 to 60 minutes a day and stay active. Some exercises you can do are: sit ups, push ups, star jumps, running (or running on the spot), planks, lunges, riding a bike and a few more. Sleep is also a very important part in keeping a healthy heart, and is recommended for children 6 - 12 years of age to have 9 - 12 hours of sleep a day. Teenagers are required 8 - 10 hours of sleep ( mainly because of studying) and babies need 14 - 17 hours of sleep because they are growing more and have naps throughout the day. Brushing your teeth is also needed and is to keep your teeth from staining and getting cavities. People suggest brushing twice a day ( once in the morning and once at night).

## A balanced diet

A balanced diet consists of 5 main types of foods. These are carbohydrates, vegetables and fruit, fat and oils, dairy and protein.

Vegetables and fruits are one of the most vital parts of a balanced diet and make up over a third of it! They provide vitamins, minerals, vitamin C, folate and potassium. Carbohydrates are also one of the most important parts of a balanced diet and make up 45 - 65% of it. They provide glucose or blood sugar, which is the main source of energy for the body. The dairy and alternatives category makes up about 40% of a balanced diet and keeps vision, bones, nerves, teeth, skin and muscles healthy. The protein section makes up around 10 - 35% of a balanced diet. They build and repair muscles and bones, using something called amino acids. Fats and oils make up the least amount of a balanced diet, about 20 - 30%. They give essential fatty acids as well as a source of energy. Some examples of these categories of foods include:

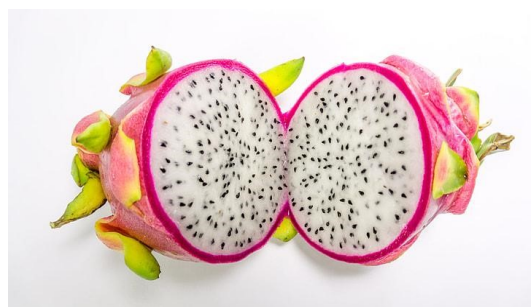
Carbohydrates- grains, bread, noodles, pasta, cereals, rice and crackers.

Dairy and alternatives- cheese, yoghurt, milk, soya milk, coconut milk and oats.

Fruits and vegetables- strawberry, blackberries, cherries, berries, bananas, avocados, cucumbers, courgette, grapes, apples, grapefruit, dragon fruit and loads more.

Proteins- meat, fish, eggs, seeds, nuts, beans and lentils.

Fats and oils- butter, lard, coconut oil, vegetable oil, palm oil, chocolate and other sweets.



## Parts of the heart

### Right Atrium

The deoxygenated blood enters the right atrium through the vena cava. The right atrium is one of the four chambers of the heart.

### Right Ventricle

After the right atrium, the blood enters the right ventricle which is another chamber of the heart. The blood then is pumped to the pulmonary artery.

### Pulmonary Artery

The pulmonary artery carries deoxygenated blood to the lungs to collect oxygen (Pulmonary means lungs). Then the blood which is now oxygenated enters the heart through pulmonary vein.

### Pulmonary Vein

The pulmonary vein carries the oxygenated blood from the lungs and into the left atrium (another chamber of the heart).

### Left Atrium

The oxygenated blood enters the left atrium which then squeezes and now enters the left ventricle.

### Septum

The septum separates the heart into right and left which prevents the oxygenated blood and the deoxygenated blood from colliding.

### Left Ventricle

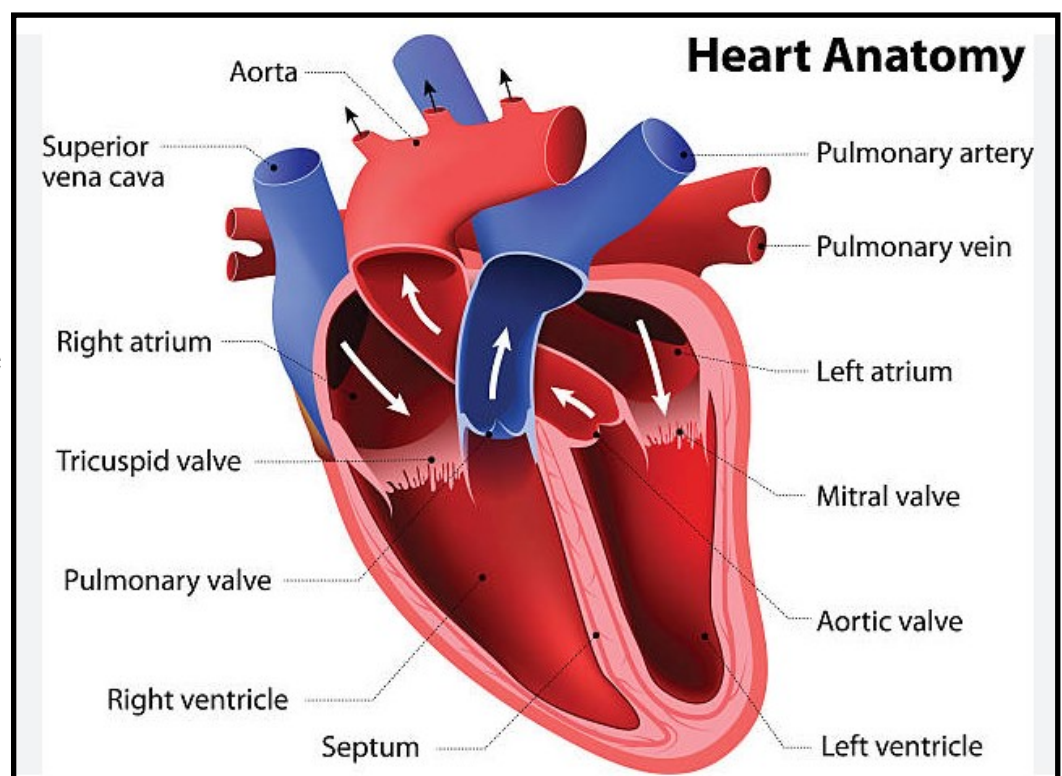
Then the left ventricle, another chamber of the heart, squeezes the oxygenated blood into the aorta.

### Aorta

The aorta is an artery which is responsible for carrying the oxygenated blood and transferring oxygen to all the parts of the body.

### Vena Cava

Now, after transferring all the oxygen, our blood has no oxygen and is deoxygenated. The deoxygenated blood now flows into the right atrium and the cycle repeats again.



## Negative Life Choices

Smoking, drinking alcohol and having illegal drugs can affect your life badly. Some of them can kill you. At first, you may find it nice and make you feel out of stress. But as you do this, you may start wanting it again and again. This is called getting addicted.

### Smoking

Smoking can cause various diseases to your lungs like :

Lung cancer

Eye diseases

Diabetes

Pulmonary toxicity and many more.



### Alcohol and Drugs

Drinking alcohol and having illegal drugs can cause many problems like:

Cancer

Liver disease

Hypertension

Fatigue Etc.

### Legal Drugs



As you have seen, drugs are bad for health. But did you know that medicines are drugs too? Well, these are legal drugs which help you in getting better (in real). But, sometimes, if you have them when you do not have to or when you have too much than you should, these can cause serious problems. So, it is always good to follow the doctor's prescriptions.

## The Circulatory System

The circulatory system (also known as the cardiovascular system) is the transport system of your body. It is made up of blood, blood vessels and your heart. Delivering nutrients and oxygen around the body, the cardiovascular system removes waste such as carbon dioxide and urea (best known as urine) from the body. Blood vessels act as pipes and the heart pumps blood around the body.

Blood is one of the three components that make up the circulatory system. Its role is to carry oxygen and nutrients throughout the body and to remove waste products. Blood can either be deoxygenated blood-which does not contain any blood- or oxygenated blood - which does contain oxygen. Deoxygenated blood travels to the lungs so it can pick up oxygen and it would come out as oxygenated blood and would deliver blood to the body.

The heart is a muscle and is the key organ in the circulatory system. Made out of cardiac muscle, the heart beats approximately 80 times a minute. Cardiac muscle never gets tired so it can beat for the rest of your life.

### Dr Metcalfe's lamb heart dissection

Dr Metcalfe is a professor who works at Magna Carta secondary school and comes in to do experiments based on your projects. On Monday 9th September, Dr Metcalfe visited Year 6 to do a workshop on a lamb heart dissection. They cut the heart in half and examined the insides.



One Year 6 said:

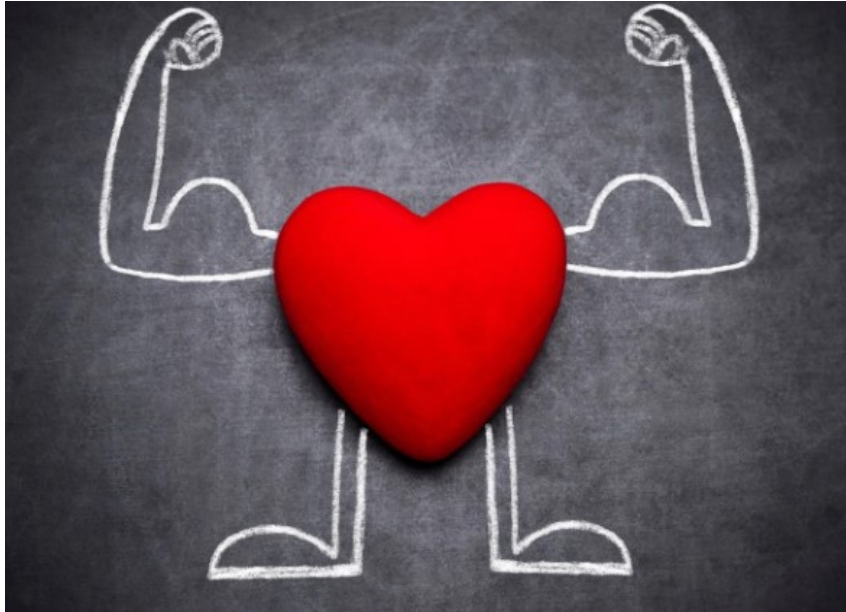
‘It was really cool but the smell of the heart was really disgusting.’

I copied a write up on the dissection and it read: ‘Today, we dissected a heart with Dr Metcalfe. First, we labelled the different parts of the heart. Then, we examined the outside of the heart. The fat was white and hard but after you squished it, the fat stayed the same shape. However, the cardiac muscle was pinky-red and slimy yet smooth. After that, we cut open the heart and looked at all the different chambers. Overall, the workshop was really fun and I would definitely recommend it.’



## Why is the heart so important?

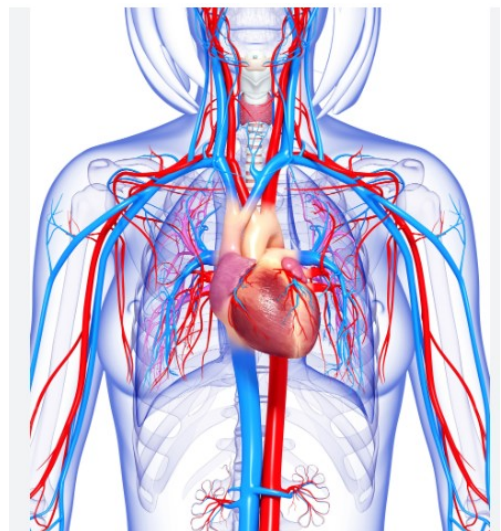
The heart is one of the most important organs in our body as this organ is one of the only reasons we are still alive. The amazing heart provides us with oxygen and all the nutrients we need to function. Our heart is the only muscle in our body that passes all the blood around and works non stop. Your heart is about the size of a clenched fist and beats about 100,000 times a day. Our heart helps us with sport and many others our heart does this by passing more oxygenated blood around our body. You could also hear or feel your heartbeat by putting your hand on your chest, two fingers behind your ears or even feeling your wrist.



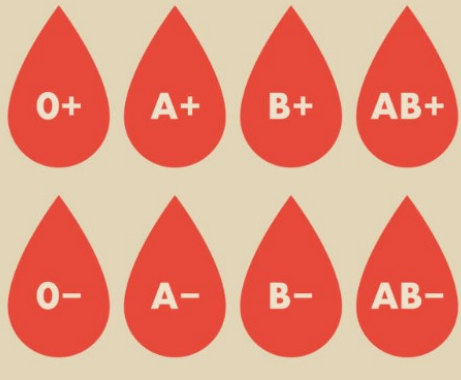
Transporting nutrients and water around the body

This is how your body transports water and nutrients around your body:

1. Firstly, food and water enter your digestive system via the mouth.
2. The teeth chop food into smaller pieces.
3. Food travels down the oesophagus into your stomach where it is broken down even more into a soup-like substance known as chyme.
4. Chyme then travels down into the small intestine where it is broken down by chemicals called enzymes that are made from the pancreas and the liver.
5. The small intestine walls are covered in villi that help absorb the nutrients and water. Villi looks like fingers.
6. After that the chyme travels to the large intestine where even more water is absorbed.
7. Finally, the waste is stored in the rectum and is removed by the anus.



## BLOOD TYPES



### Blood groups

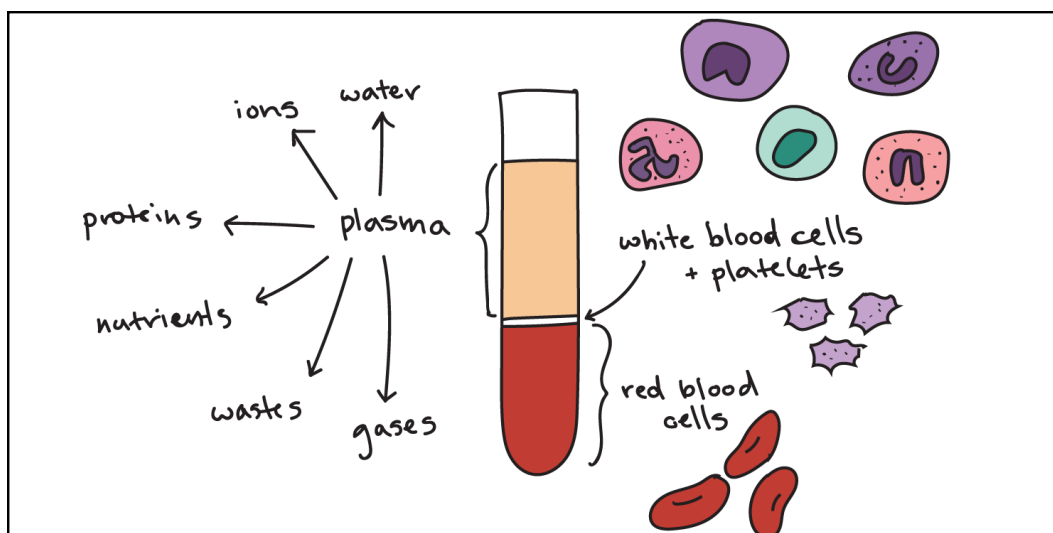
There are 4 main blood groups which are A,B,AB and O .Your blood group is determined by your parents genes . These blood groups can be either RhD positive eg. A+,B+ or they could be RhD negative eg. A-,B- and this means in total there

### Antibodies and Antigens

Blood is made up of red blood cells, white blood cells and platelets in a liquid called plasma. Your blood group is identified by antibodies and anti-gens.Antibodies are the proteins that can be found in plasma they are part of your bodies they are part of defending our precious body. While antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells.

### Components of bloods

There are 4 main components of blood including, white blood cells, red blood cells, platelets and plasma. These are all important to the body and play different (but vital) parts in it. Plasma is the main component of blood making up around 55% of it. Plasma takes nutrients, proteins, sugars, fats, hormones, ions and waste products around the body, in the circulatory system. Red blood cells make up around 44% of blood and are shaped like discs or donuts with small indents in them. They carry oxygen (from the lungs) around the body and carbon dioxide out of the body. White blood cells make up around under 1% of your blood and are also known as leukocytes. They are colourless but can appear as a tinted purple or pink colour. White blood cells are a part of the immune system in your body, fighting any diseases, bacteria or viruses like a warrior trying to protect something. Platelets (like white blood cells) make up under 1% of your blood and are shaped like small plates, in their inactive form.



## Words you may not know (Glossary)

Active - Engaging in energetic activities.

Addicted- Keep on doing or having something and get very moody if you do not have access to it.

Anus- Your bottom.

Carbon Dioxide- A particle that is made up of 2 oxygen atoms and 1 carbon atom.

Chambers- An room or an area. Your heart has 4 chambers.

Clenched- Closed into a tight ball e.g. She clenched her fist.

Colliding-To smash together with solid or direct impact.

Components- A part of something.

Deoxygenated blood- Blood that has not got oxygen in.

Digestive system- A system of organs that take in food and break them into substances that give the body energy and help the body repair.

Dissection- To cut something up into certain parts to look at and learn from.

Enzymes-Important substances made by the cells of plants and animals.

Glucose- The main sugar in the blood and the major source of energy for the body

Hypertension - Hypertension is when the blood pressure in your body is very high (140/90mmHg or higher is classified as high blood pressure) and can cause a heart attack or a stroke.

Illegal-Something that is not allowed by the government.

Oesophagus - The oesophagus is a tube that lets food and drink travel to the stomach and lets air travel to and from the lungs

Oxygen- A colourless, odourless, tasteless gas.

Oxygenated blood - Oxygenated blood is blood which holds a lot of oxygen and not that much carbon dioxide. Blood is oxygenated when it goes to the lungs through the pulmonary artery,

Prevents-Keep something from happening.

Pulmonary- Relating to the lungs.

Recommended- To tell someone that something is good or useful.

Various- Have many aspects or characteristics.

Valves-A gate like structure that prevents blood in the heart from going back the way it came.

Urea- a substance formed by the breakdown of protein in the liver.

# VICTORIANS

Year 1 children are learning about the Victorians.



Victorian schools lasted up to 5.p.m[that is very late for school). Victorians favourite food is actually Yorkshire pudding and gravy.

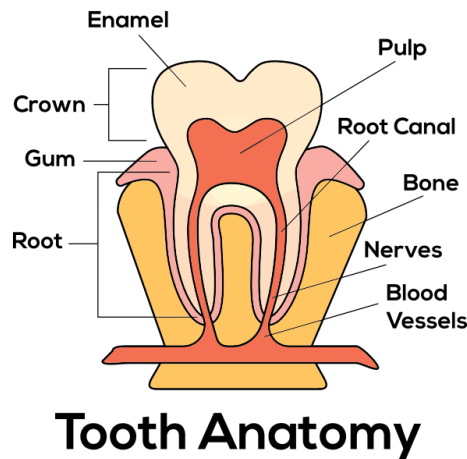
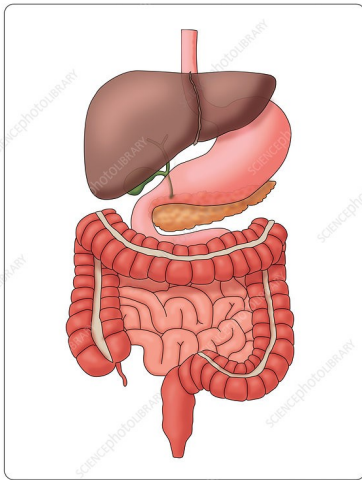
Victorian schools are very different from the schools we have today. Girls in the Victorian times were taught to learn how to wash the clothes, how to clean the house and how to wash the dishes. They didn't teach them the normal subjects., like maths and English.

In school, children would get hit by a cane for a punishment if the children did something wrong. They invented light bulbs, public flushing toilets and a photograph. Victorians came up with Victoria sponge cake and Victoria sandwich. They didn't have a lot of toys and clothes.

By Rihanna



# Burrrrrrrrrrrrrps, Bottoms and Bile?



What is burps, bottoms and bile ?

Burps bottoms and bile is a project in year 4 which mainly focuses on the digestive system and teeth.

What do you learn in burps bottoms and bile ?

You learn about how to properly take care of your teeth and the main parts of the digestive system. Such as the teeth, oesophagus ,stomach, small intestine, large intestine and the rectum.

What are the main jobs of teeth and what are their names?

There is the incisors, which bites food. The canines, which slice food ; the premolars and molars ,which chew and grind the food.

What is my opinion about the year 4 project?

I love the year 4 project because you see actual dentist and bring your toothbrush into school .You also get to read a David Walliams book, called demon dentist and design a toothpaste advert .

**What is bile?**

**Bile is basically water waste, which can help wash out the faeces .**

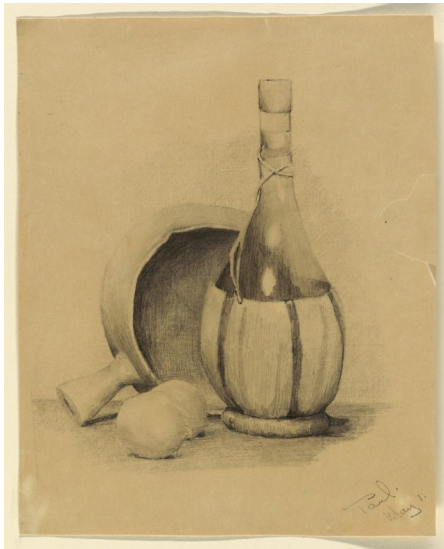
**What is faeces?**

**Faeces is waste, which comes in the form of poo.**

**By Hazel**

# Year 2 School Projects: Movers and Shakers

Hi! My name is Amelia. Year 2 are learning a new project. The name is... Movers and Shakers. That's really interesting! Actually, they are doing art in their project. They are doing Still Life drawings. Wow, that is pretty tricky! Here's an example of a Still Life drawing:



It is pretty tricky by the look of it. This is called hyper-realistic. It's something so, SO realistic but it's not the actual item. Pretty cool, right? They can be using pencils, paint, watercolour, stickers and colouring pencils. They could use anything. But, it looks like we've run out of time.

Bye!

# Banksy



*Banksy is a world-wide famous artist, but he is anonymous. He produces pieces of art, that pop up in random places. He is a stencil artist.*

*His artwork is considered rebellious. Lots of people like his artwork but some disagree.*

*In an auction one of his pieces of artworks were sold for over £1 million pounds. Guess what? One of his other artworks was sold for £5,000,000 pounds.*

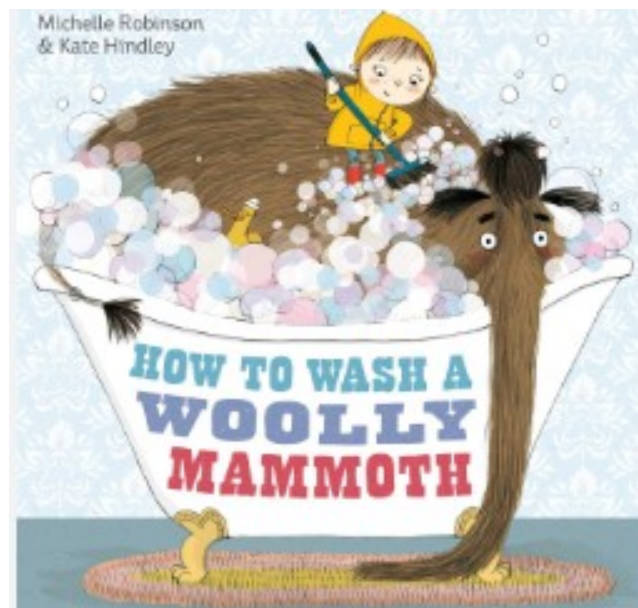
*He uses stencils and vibrant colours to make it outstanding.*

*Bye*

*From Rihanna*



# How to wash a woolly mammoth



In year 3, the children are learning to write instructions linked to their project 'Through the Ages'.

How to wash a woolly mammoth:

By Izzy

First, fill up the bath tub but if your woolly mammoth is feeling thirsty, it might take you a while.

Next, get your woolly mammoth in the bathtub.

Next, put soap on the woolly mammoth's body.

Don't get it in his eyes.

Oh no aaaaaarrrrrrggggggghhhhh!!!

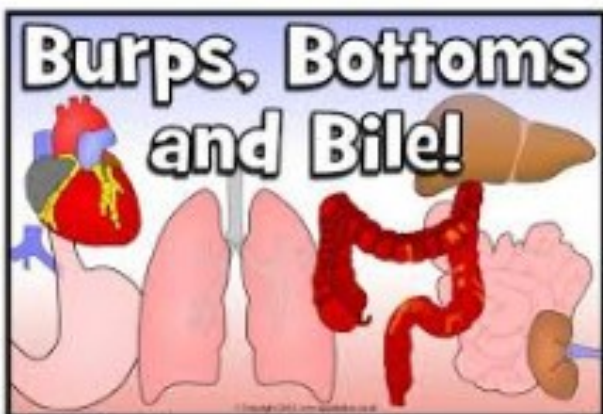
Next, find the woolly mammoth.

Get them down from the tree.

Next, get your woolly mammoth back in and share a bath with you.

# Y4 project

Year4 has been researching Burps, Bottoms and Bile. When y4 came back from our holiday (in May 2024), Miss Greene greeted us because she's new. We needed to eat a disclosing tablet which shows what part of our teeth are not clean then we brushed it. We also learned about different types of teeth like canines and premolars. We are also learning about the digestive system. In English we are doing adverts about toothpaste. We are trying to persuade other people to buy our toothpaste. It is really fun. By Kian  
By Kian



## Urban Pioneers

Hi guys my name is Mahreen and today I am going to tell you about our Y3 project Urban Pioneers.

In this project we are doing a lot of art. Like this week {13.5.24-17.5.24} we are doing our own version of the art on the Berlin wall. Also we did graffiti art for Egham. So basically we did this for our innovate project and we plotted it on a map. My one was said BELIEVE! Then we evaluated it, which means where you answer questions about your piece of work. Do you want to hear the questions and my answers.

What inspired my idea for this?

I was inspired because you should believe in yourself.

What do I like about my work?

I really like how I did perspective.

What do I want other people to think/feel when they see my work?

I want people to feel that they can do anything.

What could I do to improve?

I could add more background to the perspective bit.

By Mahreen

# Ammonite

First we had to get polystyrene. Then we had to draw a Ammonite. Lastly we had to paint both sides. Third, we had to wait. Then we started a clay ammonite. First we had to roll the clay. Then we had to make a spirals out of clay. Then make a dessin. Have rest it will be ready.

By Dhairya



## Our rap battle in year 4



Hi my name is Laura.

In year 4 there lots of fun things but today year 4 were doing a rap battle, if you dont know what a rap is, a

rap is a song were you sing it

really fast and it rhymes too. Now a rap battle is when you perform your rap with other groups and then you have to close your eyes and vote for one group and if that group you chose won they stay and the other doesn't stay. Wow!

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# SCHOOL LIFE

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Find out what is happening in school

## Special awards

Hi guys my name is Mahreen you might know me from my other newspapers but this one is about special awards. What I mean by special awards is like things you get in assembly and rewards. Now I shall tell you all and I mean all the rewards and special awards I can think of.



## Normal awards

### *Stickers*

Stickers are nice, but you don't really get them in KS2. Maybe on a rare occasion. I don't think KS2 teachers even have any stickers.

### *House points*

House points are things you get when your work is good. You have houses such as Red, Green, Blue and Yellow.

### *Normal certificate*

You get these at the weekly assembly. Each teacher has to choose 2 people from their class.



## Postcard

You can get these from your teacher or the head teacher. 😊

## Mathematician

Unlike normal certificates you get these every month but you can't get it twice in a row. You get one if you try hard in maths.



## Reading certificate

A reading certificate is when you read 10, 20 or 30 of your gemstone books but you can only start getting them from Y2. 📖

## Special Awards



## Termly attendance awards

You get these when you have been in every day of the term. You get 6 of these a year because there are 2 half terms each year and 4 terms a year.

## Amazon gift vouchers

You get these when you read 30+ books of your gemstone OR you can get it for being at school everyday of the academic year.



That's all I can think of!

Bye, bye from Mahreen



# Welcome to Manorcroft



During Autumn 1, our projects are:

Year R: Me and my community

Year 1: The Enchanted woodland

Year 2: Muck, mess and mixtures

Year 3: Rocks ,relics and rumbles

Year 4: Misty mountain winding river

Year 5: Sow ,grow, farm

Year 6: Blood heart



Lunchtime:

At lunch, you get hot meals. You get called by cards with a number of your year group on it. Then you will form two queues: packed lunch and school dinner. Next the school diners will go onto the stage and then a teacher will tick you off on their list if you are marked for a different lunch then the main one you will be given a token. You will then go up onto the ramp the dinner ladies will give you your lunch. If you have a token they will give you a different lunch according to your colour token. If you don't have a token you will be given the main. You then have to go down and eat your dinner.



If you have a packed lunch you will get your lunchbox from the lunch box trolley which you put your lunch box in in the morning. you then go eat with the school dinner in the acquired place for your year group. To eat your pudding (if you are a school dinner) you have to ask the teacher who will tell you if you have eaten enough if not you have to eat as much as the teacher says .



When you have eaten your pudding you may go. Before you can go though you have to put your dishes in the tray and the cutlery in the acquired box.

## Teachers

Our teachers are:

Year R: Mrs Jordan, Miss fuller

Year 1: Mrs Hayward, Miss Davis

Year 2: Mrs Cox, Mrs Manning

Year 3: Mrs Wittingham, Mrs Kinnnet

Year 4: Mrs Streeter, Miss Greene, Mrs Woodin

Year 5: Mr Hanley, Mrs Alden

Year 6: Miss Redman, Miss Prout

By Hazel and Seren, both in year 5



# The year three sleepover



How to get there

We go home from school and I pack my bag and have dinner

Then we go back to school and say our goodbyes. I went to Dublin to our sleeping classroom and we set up our sleeping bags. My sleeping bag was a happy napper. Then we have hot chocolate/ smores then we go in .And then we get our pajamas on and brush our teeth. and watch find Nemo.

Then we went to bed. The next morning we watched finding nemo then when the food was ready we ate croissants and pancakes plus orange juice. Then we pack our stuff and play for a bit and then we go home.

By Sophia

# Y4 Subjects

Hi I'm Mahreen and I am the writer for this newspaper article, you probably know me from my past articles. This article is about my new Y4 subjects. Now sit back relax and enjoy the newspaper.

## English

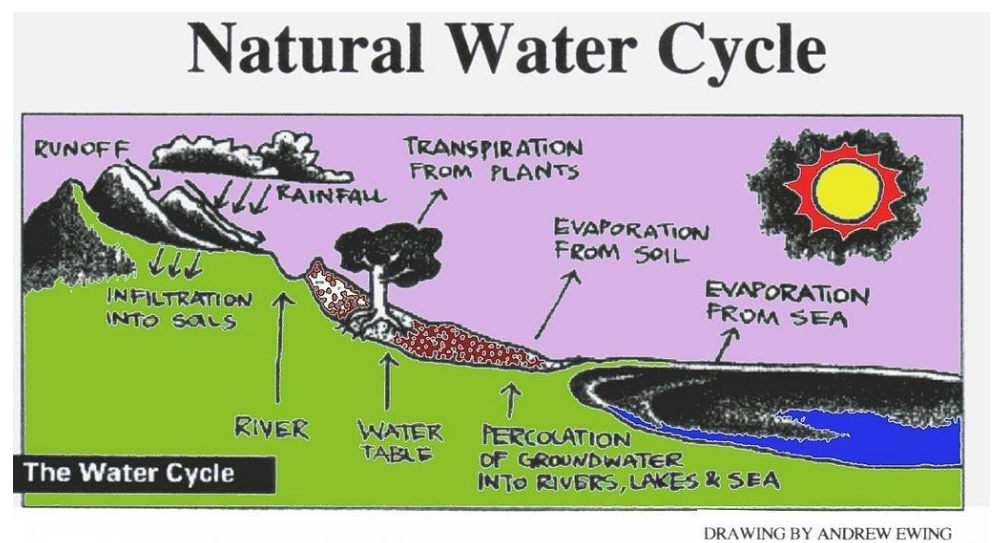
In English we were writing a lost chapter of a book called The Hobbit. Hm I wonder if you have heard of it. If you haven't, I recommend it. We haven't read all of it but it's really good so far. Believe me when I say we only have read 1 chapter and literally almost everyone is hooked in. As well as me!

## Maths

In maths we did roman numerals because we just had to. It's like just one lesson on its own so I'm not going to talk about that. But instead I'll talk about the first subject which ended like 5 lessons ago but that's ok because it's the only full topic in maths that we have covered. I think we did place value. Yes that's right place value. In place value we did thousands and stuff like that. But there's something more important at the end of Year 4 we have a times table check so at the start of maths and computing. In computing we do the times table check on the computer which the teacher sees and in maths we do it on paper and then put it in a folder don't worry though we can't cheat because the teachers check it.

## Project

Our project is called Misty Mountain Winding River. We have learnt about rivers and mountains we first did a poster about different mountains such as Snowdon, Scafell Pike and Ben Nevis. We were split into groups of 10, 5 people did research and the other 5 made mountains. Oh wait I forgot to tell you we made mountains out of clay and took them home. Now fast forward we had Dr Metcalf visit and he talked to us about the water cycle. It starts with evaporation then condensation precipitation and collection.



## Computing

In computing we are trying to make our own computing programs. We haven't done much because we only have it once a week. But I will tell you all we have learnt. But as I said earlier we do online times table checks. we do times table checks on the computer, so we have these times table check that is set on our to do's and you can find them in the maths section as well but the teacher who does the slides for computing [the other class teacher in my case] sets it in to do's. For the actual work we do is something called 'free code gibbon'. It's basically where you create your own code.

*\*we do this all on an app called 'purple mash'*

## Wcr and Art

So wcr means whole class reading but shortened. Anyway, what we do is we are reading a book called the 'PolarBear Explorers Club'. But I'm not going to go into detail but we read a bit each day and sometimes we do questions and other odd things occasionally.

Now art so we have done a lot of art these past weeks compared to how much art we usually do so

the one we did with an different teacher is we did a sketch of mountains or hills and split it into 3 parts so in the first part we did just colouring [in only pencils for all of them] [art pencils for all of them] then in the second box we did shading. And in the third part we used water colours. It was so fun.



## P.S.H.E and R.E

So P.S.H.E means personal social and health education and R.E stands for religious education. In pshe we are doing like teamwork, jobs and fairness and today's lesson was about jobs and a bit of teamwork. Now R.E in re christian feelings so we wrote all about christian feelings.

That's the end

By Mahreen

# Woodland school

We start by waking up and eating breakfast. My favourite is toast. We get to wear home clothes that means any appropriate clothes. Then we go to school.

## when I get to school.

I get to school and I do early morning work and I wait to go outside. to do

stuff.

## what I do

I normally make dens out of the things outside. It could be sticks or leaves. We also make food like pizza pancakes and hot chocolate.

## When I get home

I go to bed.



By Sophia

# School Life

Hi!!!

My name is Adda. Nice to meet you! I am in year 4. YEAR 4 NOT YEAR 3. OK now i will tell you how life in year 4 is. Teachers: Miss Streeter, Mis Bussey and Miss Wilkinson.

## English

In english we are learning The Hobbit. Yes it is a book and EVERYONE is obsessed with it. And we only read chapter one.

## Math

In math we are learning about thousands yes thousands because in year three we just started and now its like we are all most expertise about thousands.

## Whole class reading

In whole class reading we are reading and writing things all about The Polar Bear Explorers Club.

## Project

In project we are learning about Misty mountains, Winding rivers. Although we have more projects to go.

## P.E

On Tuesday we are doing gymnastics with our P.E teacher.

On Thursday we do P.E with our normal teacher.

## P.S.H.E /RE

In P.S.H.E we are learning about , How people Express their believes.

## Art

In art we paint and draw things about our project : Misty Mountains Winding rivers.

Extra things!

## Assembly

There are two types of assemblies.

1. All off the school is in the hall and the headteacher gives all of the certificates to 2 children in each class.
2. Key stage two comes in the hall and a random teacher teaches something that we need to know.
3. CLUBS!!!!!!

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# DID YOU KNOW?

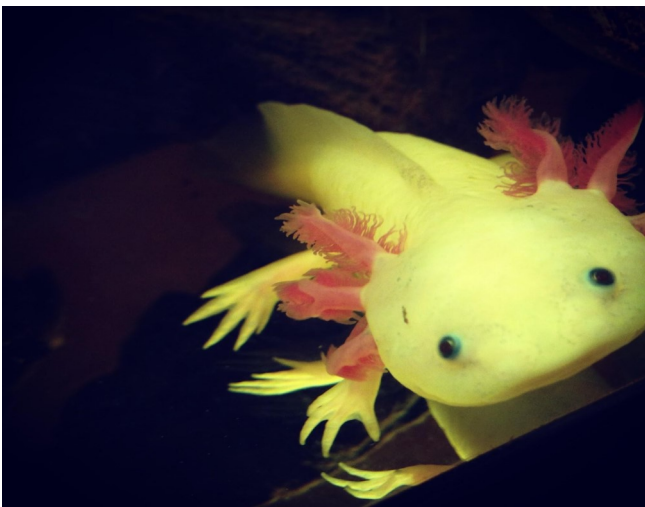
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Articles on current events and topics of interest

## Save The Animals

Animals are critically endangered. So we have to make an effort to save them!

We need to start cleaning the ocean so animals stop eating plastic. YOU could Visit an aquarium and look at all the Sealife and how there all well cared for.



You could visit a beach and if you find some rubbish you could put it in a bin.

People go diving to try and find rubbish under the water and help all of the animals from eating plastic.

This is what beaches should look like.



# The tour through space

## The milky way

The milky way is a big landmark in space.it takes 26000 years t get. There.the colors of the milky way is white.no body has been to the milky way.

## Earth

Earth is where you live. The colors of the earth are green , blue and white. The earth has been around for 4.54 billion

## Stars

stars are a ball of lite.stars can form a constellation if put ogether. The sun is a big star.there are 400 billion stars in space.

## Aliens

**NOBODY KNOWS IF  
ALIENS ARE REAL-  
LY REAL**

Thank you for com-  
ing on my  
tour .

From Sophia



# Join the fight against graffiti!

Do you want our town to be ugly? Do you want children to say horrible things? It's horrible.

It costs the country heaps and heaps of money. It's so bad for the environment. It's so so bad.

Stop grafitting or ask for permission before you do it.

Join the fight today! NOW!

By Joud



Bmx racing began in the early 1970s when some teenagers in california, USA, used their

bikes to imitate cross-country motorcycle riders. By the mid 70s, new bikes were made that were tough and that could twist and turn. The first bmx competition was held in 1975. by Kian



# Cubs

## What is cubs?

Cubs is the multi-sex group in the middle of beavers and scouts . Although it is multisex most of the cubs are boys but because of brownies we don't get many girls.

## What age do you have to be to go to cubs?

You have to be aged 8- 10 and a half to go to cubs . After cubs you go to scouts .Which is 10 to 14 and then explorer scouts which is 14 to 18.

## What if I'm younger than 8 ?

If you are younger than 8 you could join squirrels which is 4-6 or if you are older than 6 .You could join beavers which is 6-8.

Please join cubs  
**Hazel, 1st Egham cubs**



Air Activities Activity Badge



Animal Carer Activity Badge



Artist Activity Badge



Astronomer Activity Badge



Athlete Activity Badge



Athlete Plus Activity Badge



Book Reader Activity Badge



Camper Activity Badge



Chef Activity Badge



Collector Activity Badge



Communicator Activity Badge



Cyclist Activity Badge



DIY Activity Badge



Entertainer Activity Badge



Equestrian Activity Badge



Global Conservation Activity Badge

Here are some popular badges but in total there are 54 badges .

# Facts About Cats For Kids!



Hi! My name is Amelia.

Today, we are not doing news. I know this is a little shocking, but instead we are doing cat facts for kids and adults. I know the title is "Facts About Cats For Kids!", but it's mostly for kids.

Cats are pretty fun, mischievous and silly to be around the house, unless you are allergic to cats or hate cats. Old cartoons like Tom & Jerry fooled us all into thinking cats are scared of dogs. Instead, they hit each other. Kinda like a fight. Not all cats are scared of water. Most of them are, but some cats love water. Not as much as dogs, though.



Cats absolutely love:

- Running water
- Fresh food
- Sleep
- Yarn, for some reason
- You!



Cats absolutely hate:

- Water, but not all cats hate it
- Dogs
- Spoiled Kibbles
- Punishment
- Dirty Litter Boxes
- Very Little Attention

So just...don't do these 6 things to your cats. OK?

I think that's all I know about cats... Next up is for dog lovers, especially my mom!

Bye!



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# JOKES

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What do you call a person with no body and no nose?

Nobody knows

How do you know the sea is friendly?

It waves.

Why was the computer angry after getting out of the car?

Because it had a hard drive.

What do you call a chicken staring at a lettuce?

Chicken Caesar salad

What do you call it when a snowman has a tantrum?

A meltdown

Why did Marie Curie stop dating that guy?

There was no chemistry.

What was Benjamin Franklin's reaction when he discovered electricity?

He was shocked!

What do you call a cow with no legs?

Groundbeef

Why was Cinderella so bad at football?

Because she kept running away from the ball.